













KCATA COMPREHENSIVE SERVICE ANALYSIS Preference Survey Results

July 2011 Updated





Survey Objectives



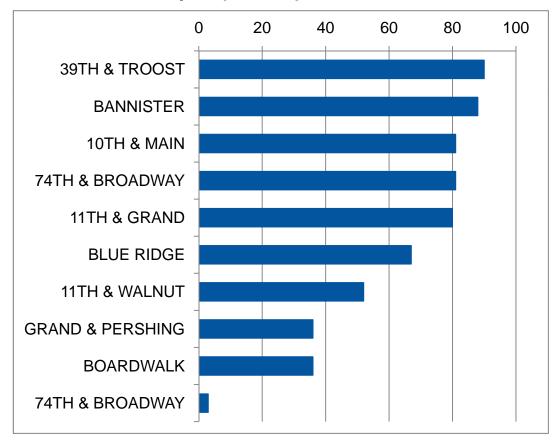
- Provide insights into rider perceptions about transit service
- Understand preferences and priorities for different service types and different service attributes
- Guide service improvements

Survey Methods and Approach

- 8 questions about transit service design
 - Intended to elicit preferences for transit services
 - Included opportunity for comments
- Handful of demographic and travel questions
 - Used to interpret results
- Available in Spanish and English
- Administered online and at select transfer locations
 - Online survey conducted from August 4 to September 30
 - Intercept survey at high ridership/transfer locations with broad geographic coverage on September 21 and 22

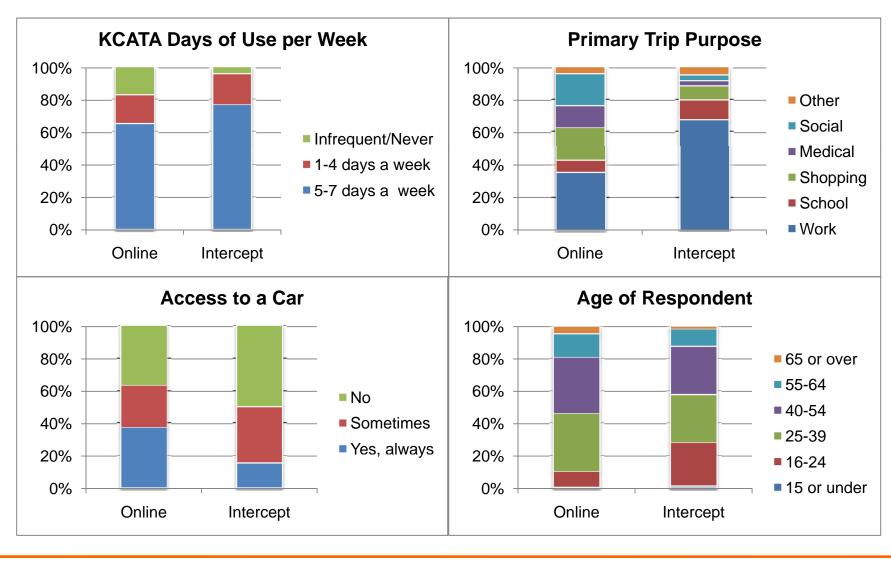
Survey Responses

- 1,147 total responses
- 533 online (45%)
- 614 intercept (55%)



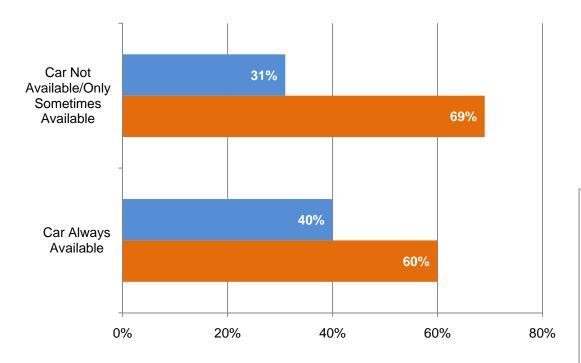
Demographics by Survey Type

Intercept survey respondents are frequent users, make more work trips, less likely to have a car, and younger.



More Frequent vs More Coverage

- Respondents who rely heavily on transit strongly prefer more service coverage to more frequent service.
- Respondents with autos agree, but less strongly.



- Provide service to fewer areas, but buses would come more frequently
- Provide service to more areas, but buses would come less frequently

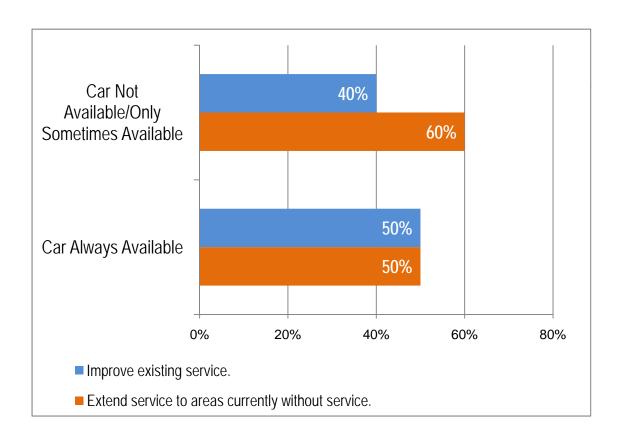
Others who want more coverage:

- Frequent riders (5-7 days per week)
- Under 15 or over 40
- Travel for work, shopping, and medical appointments



Expand vs Improve Existing Service

- Respondents who rely heavily on transit prefer expanding service to areas currently without service.
- Respondents with automobiles are equally in favor of improving existing services and expanding to new areas.

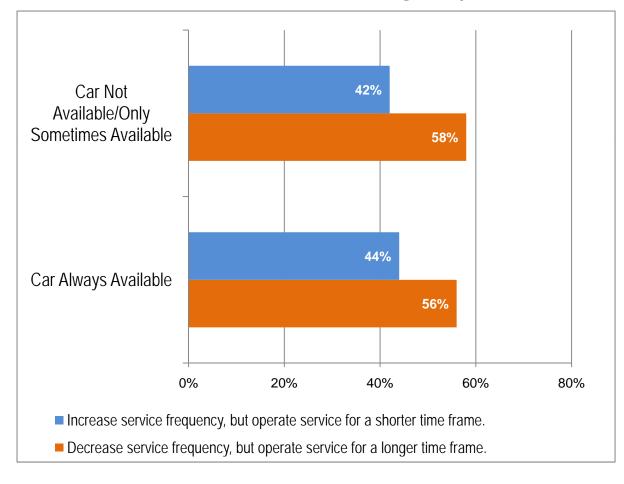


Others who prefer improving existing service:

- •Frequent riders (5-7 days per week)
- Primarily travel to/from school

Frequency vs Span of Service

 Both respondent groups showed preferences for longer service hours over more frequent service.

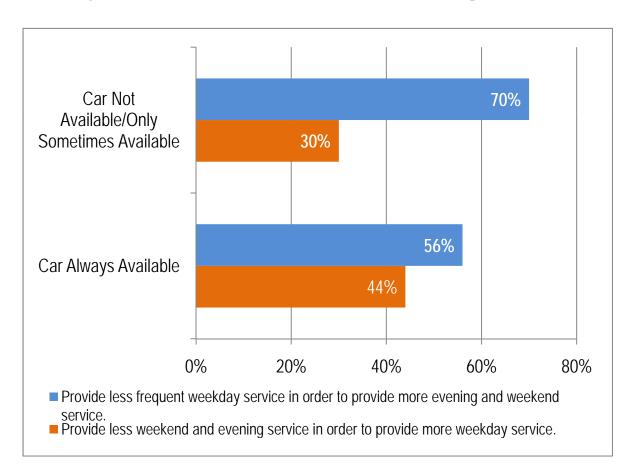


Others who prefer a longer span of service:

 Most categories of riders irrespective of trip type and age

Evening/Weekends vs Weekday Daytime

- Respondents who rely on transit strongly prefer more weekend and evening service over more frequent weekday service.
- Respondents with automobiles agree, but less strongly.

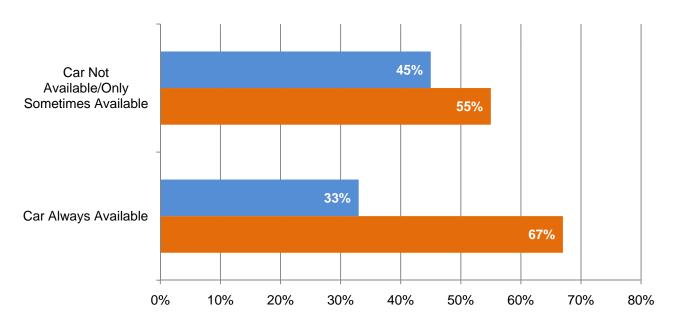


Others who want more evening and weekend service:

- •Frequent KCATA riders (5-7 days a week)
- •Travel to downtown or outside KCMO
- •From the Northland (75% of responses at Boardwalk Square)

Bus Stop Spacing vs Speed

- Both respondent groups prefer fewer stops to make service faster.
- Finding is stronger among respondents who always have a car available.



- Provide many/frequent stops even if it means service is slower.
- Reduce the number of stops in order to make service faster.

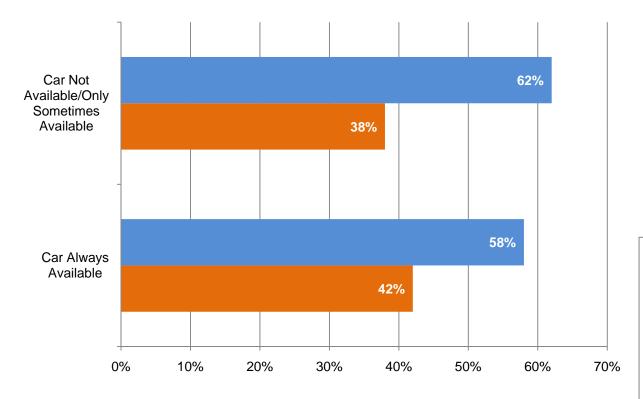
Others who prefer faster service:

- Younger riders
- •Frequent riders (5-7 days per week)
- •Travel to/from school
- •Travel to/from downtown KCMO



Transfers vs Frequency

 Both groups of respondents prefer fewer transfers even if it means service is less frequent.



- Operate more routes with less frequent service to decrease the need for transfers.
- Operate fewer routes that provide more frequent service but increase the need for transfers.

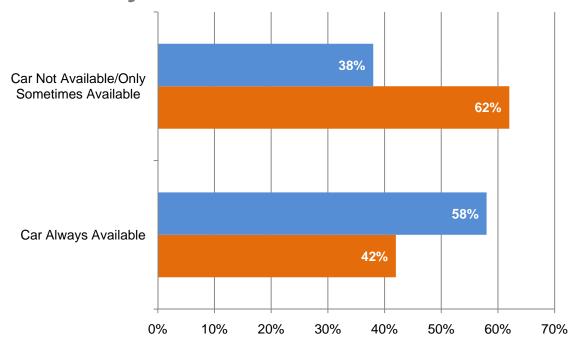
Others who prefer fewer transfers:

- •Frequent KCATA riders (5-7 days a week)
- Travel to/from work
- Northland riders



Walk Distances vs Route Directness

- Respondents without access to a car prefer walking shorter distances to a bus, even if bus is slower.
- Respondents with access to a car prefer walking longer distances to faster service.



■ Walk longer distances to bus service that is faster and more direct.

Others who want shorter walks:

- •Frequent KCATA riders (5-7 days a week)
- •More transit dependent
- •Travel for medical trips



[■] Walk shorter distances to bus service that is slower and less direct.

Key Findings

- Survey results indicate that there are two categories of KCATA riders with somewhat different service priorities:
 - Transit dependent riders who value the availability of service (coverage & hours) more than quality (frequency and speed).
 - Choice riders who also highly value the availability of service but who are more concerned about frequency and speed.
- Transit dependent riders currently comprise the largest proportion of KCATA's riders.
 - Changes to better serve these riders could shift some weekday daytime service to other areas and times.
- This is partially because KCATA carries fewer choice riders than many other large systems.
 - Changes to attract more choice riders could be to develop key corridors that provide fast and frequent service.

